

Main studies carried out in Colombia on cervical cancer and HPV

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Former Unit Chief at the International Agency for Research on Cancer, Lyon, France*

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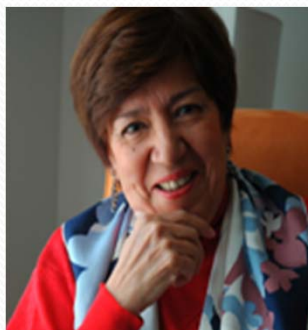
Disclosure

- *I have no actual or past potential conflict of interest in relation to this presentation*

Main studies carried out in Colombia on Cervical cancer and HPV: From my former Unit at IARC

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Former Unit of Field and Intervention Studies at The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), Lyon, France



Nubia Muñoz



X Bosch



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X Castellsagué



R Herrero

External Collaborators



Keerti Shah



Jan Walboomers

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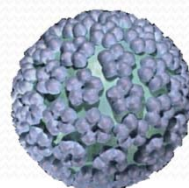
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Case – Control study of invasive cervical cancer in Cali, Colombia and in Spain



Field study: 1985-1989...

Cases	Controls
450	400



OR: 100+

THE CAUSAL LINK BETWEEN HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS AND INVASIVE CERVICAL CANCER: A POPULATION-BASED CASE-CONTROL STUDY IN COLOMBIA AND SPAIN

N. MUÑOZ^{1,16}, F.X. BOSCH¹, S. DE SANJOSÉ¹, L. TAFUR², I. IZARZUGAZA³, M. GILI⁴, P. VILADIU⁵, C. NAVARRO⁶, C. MARTOS⁷, N. ASCUNCE⁸, L.C. GONZALEZ⁹, J.M. KALDOR¹⁰, E. GUERRERO¹¹, A. LÖRINCZ¹², M. SANTAMARIA¹³, P. ALONSO DE RUIZ¹⁴, N. ARISTIZABAL² and K. SHAH¹⁵

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Int. J. Cancer: 52, 743-749 (1992). IF: 4.926; Citations 476

IARC Case – Control studies

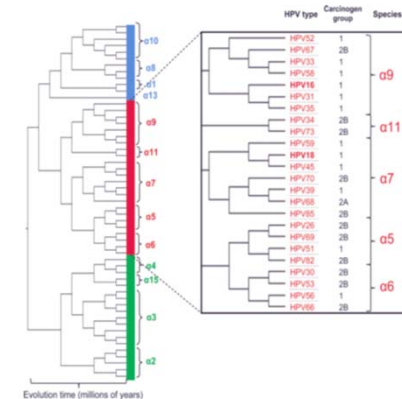




The NEW ENGLAND
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ORIGINAL ARTICLE



Epidemiologic Classification of Human Papillomavirus Types Associated with Cervical Cancer

Nubia Muñoz, M.D., F. Xavier Bosch, M.D., Silvia de Sanjosé, M.D., Rolando Herrero, M.D., Xavier Castellsagué, M.D., Keerti V. Shah, Ph.D., Peter J.F. Snijders, Ph.D., and Chris J.L.M. Meijer, M.D., for the International Agency for Research on Cancer Multicenter Cervical Cancer Study Group*

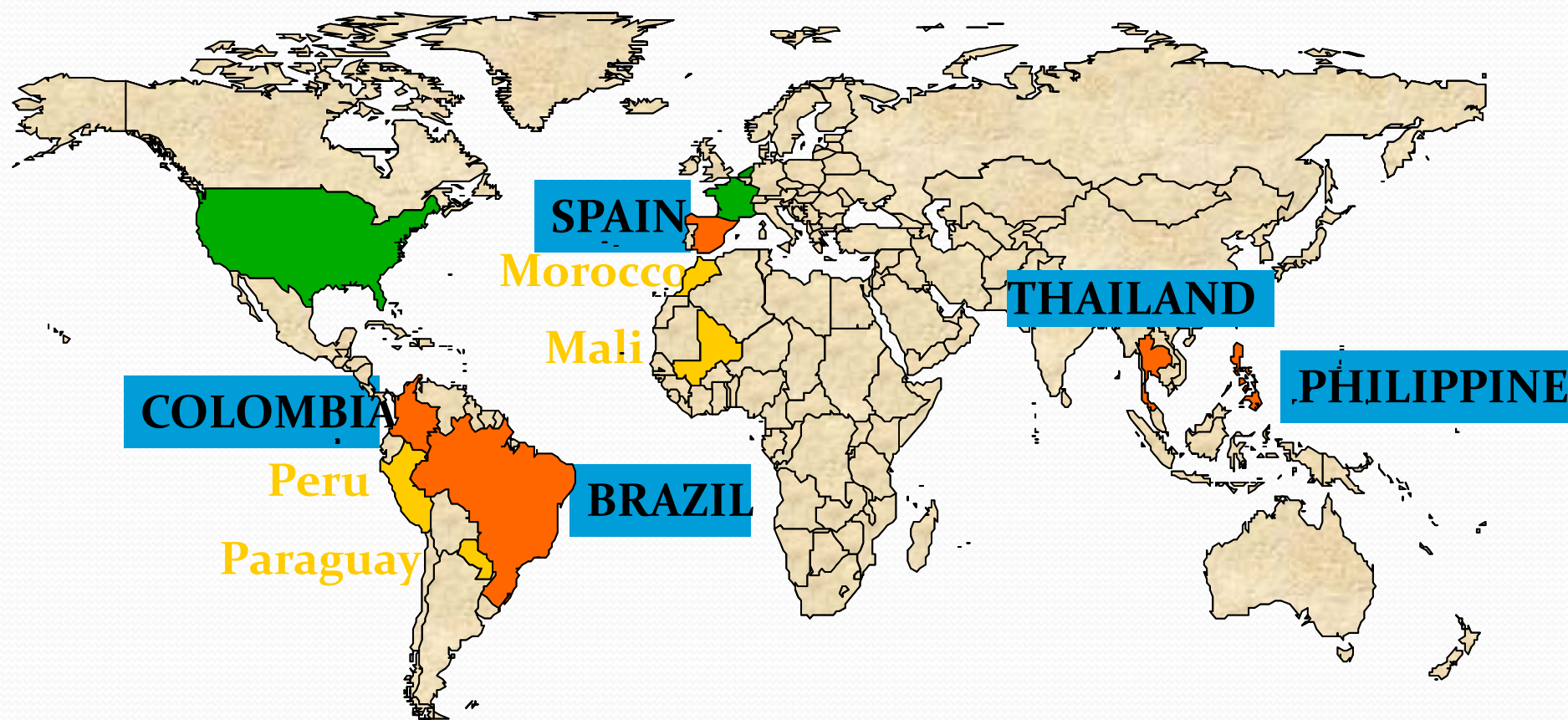
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*Male role in transmission
of HPV and risk of cervical
cancer*

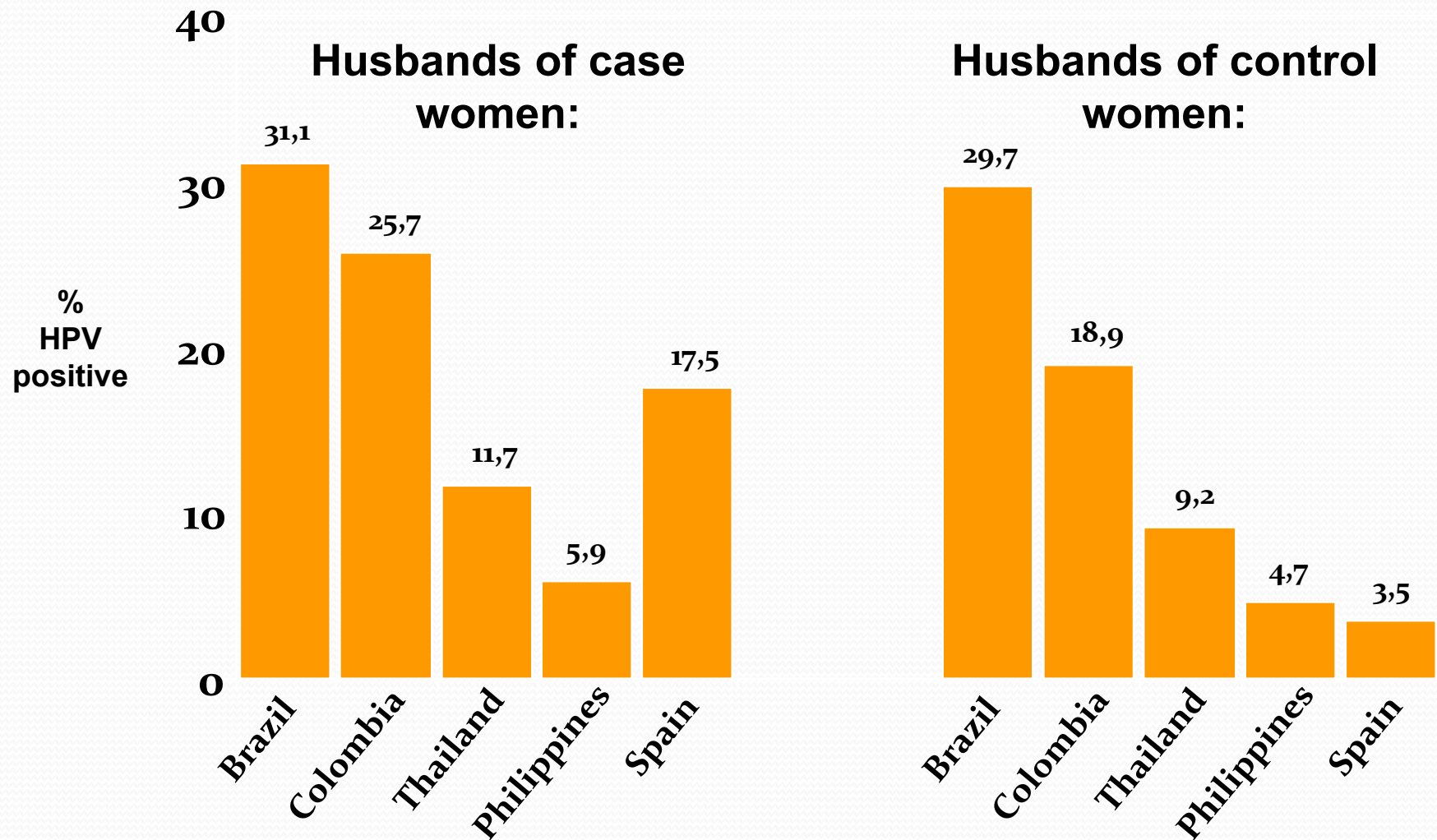
IARC case-control studies on CC : The male role



Total Recruitment : 1,921 couples

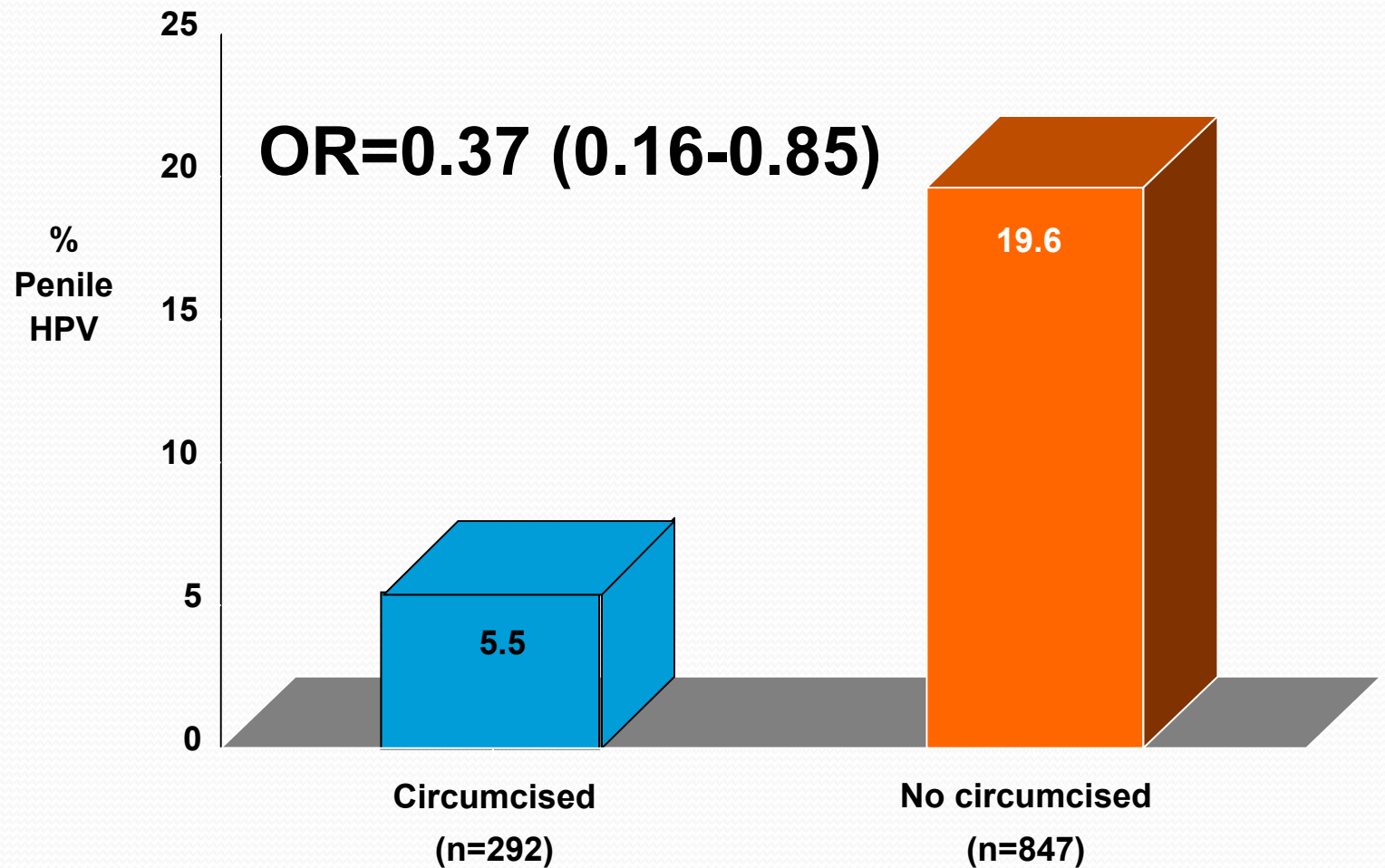


Penile HPV prevalence in husbands of women with and without cervical cancer





Penile HPV prevalence by circumcision status



The New England Journal of Medicine



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MALE CIRCUMCISION, PENILE HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS INFECTION, AND CERVICAL CANCER IN FEMALE PARTNERS

XAVIER CASTELLSAGUÉ, M.D., F. XAVIER BOSCH, M.D., NUBIA MUÑOZ, M.D., CHRIS J.L.M. MEIJER, PH.D.,
KEERTI V. SHAH, DR.P.H., SILVIA DE SANJOSÉ, M.D., JOSÉ ELUF-NETO, M.D., CORAZON A. NGELANGEL, M.D.,
SAIBUA CHICHAREON, M.D., JENNIFER S. SMITH, PH.D., ROLANDO HERRERO, M.D., AND SILVIA FRANCESCHI, M.D.,
FOR THE INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER MULTICENTER CERVICAL CANCER STUDY GROUP

N Engl J Med 2002 Apr 11;346(15):1105-12. IF: 53.484 Citations: 396

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IARC International Prevalence Survey of HPV types in invasive Cervical Cancer in 22 countries





Cancer Cervical: 99.7% HPV+

HUMAN PAPILLOMAVIRUS IS A NECESSARY CAUSE OF INVASIVE CERVICAL CANCER WORLDWIDE

JAN M. M. WALBOOMERS^{1*}, MARCEL V. JACOBS¹, M. MICHELE MANOS², F. XAVIER BOSCH³, J. ALAIN KUMMER¹,
KEERTI V. SHAH², PETER J. F. SNIJDERS¹, JULIAN PETO⁴, CHRIS J. L. M. MEIJER¹ AND NUBIA MUÑOZ⁵

¹*Department of Pathology, University Hospital Vrije Universiteit, Amsterdam, The Netherlands*

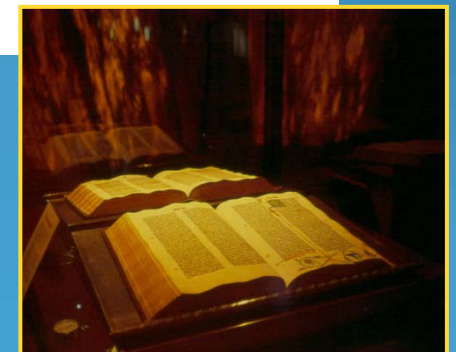
²*Department of Molecular Microbiology and Immunology, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD, U.S.A.*

³*Institute Catala d'Oncologia, Barcelona, Spain*

⁴*Institute of Cancer Research, Belmont, Surrey, U.K.*

⁵*Unit of Field and Intervention Studies, IARC, Lyon, France*

J Pathology. 1999 Sep;189(1):12-9. IF: 7.274. **Citaciones: 4.889**

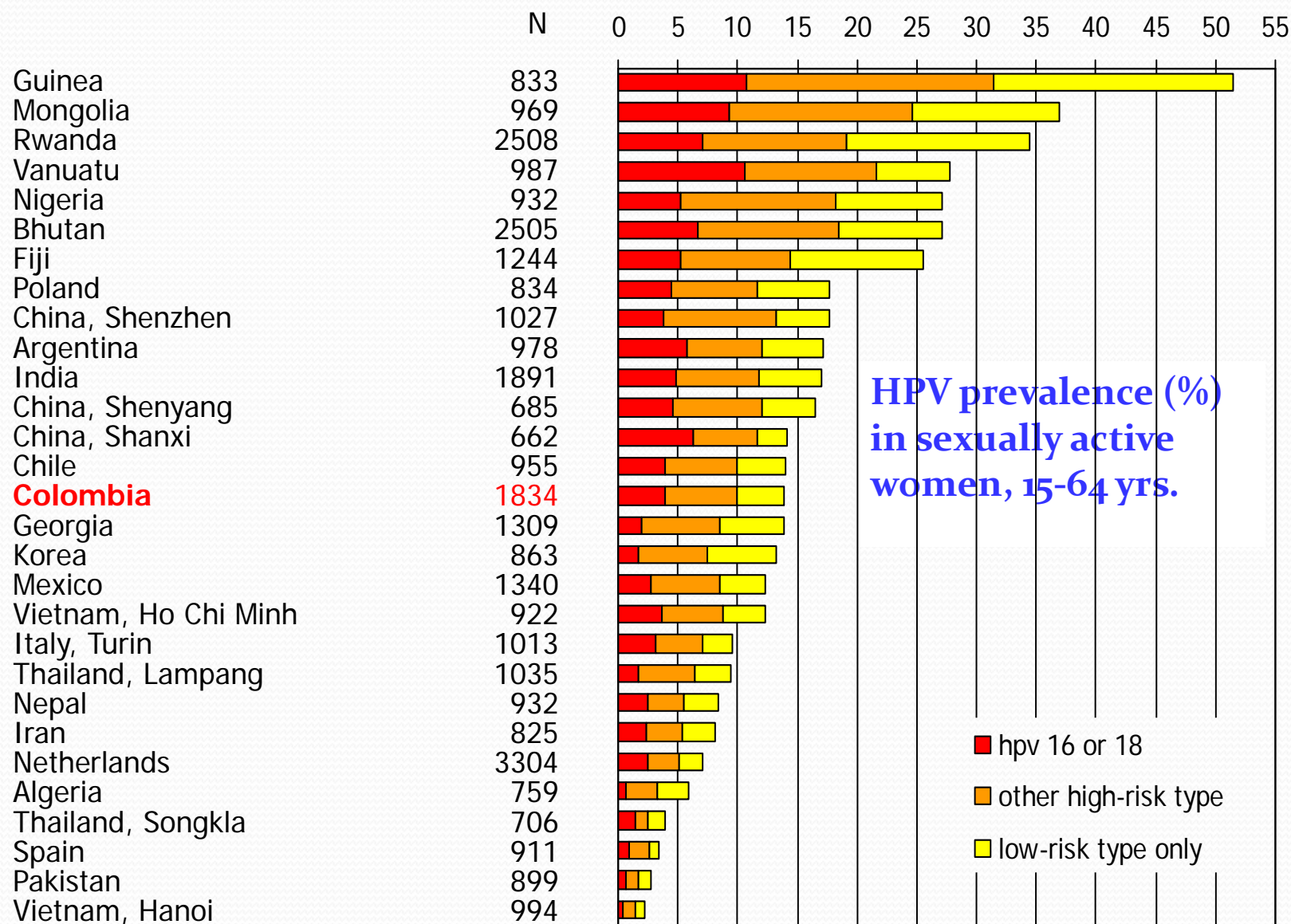


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Strong worldwide variation in cervical HPV prevalence

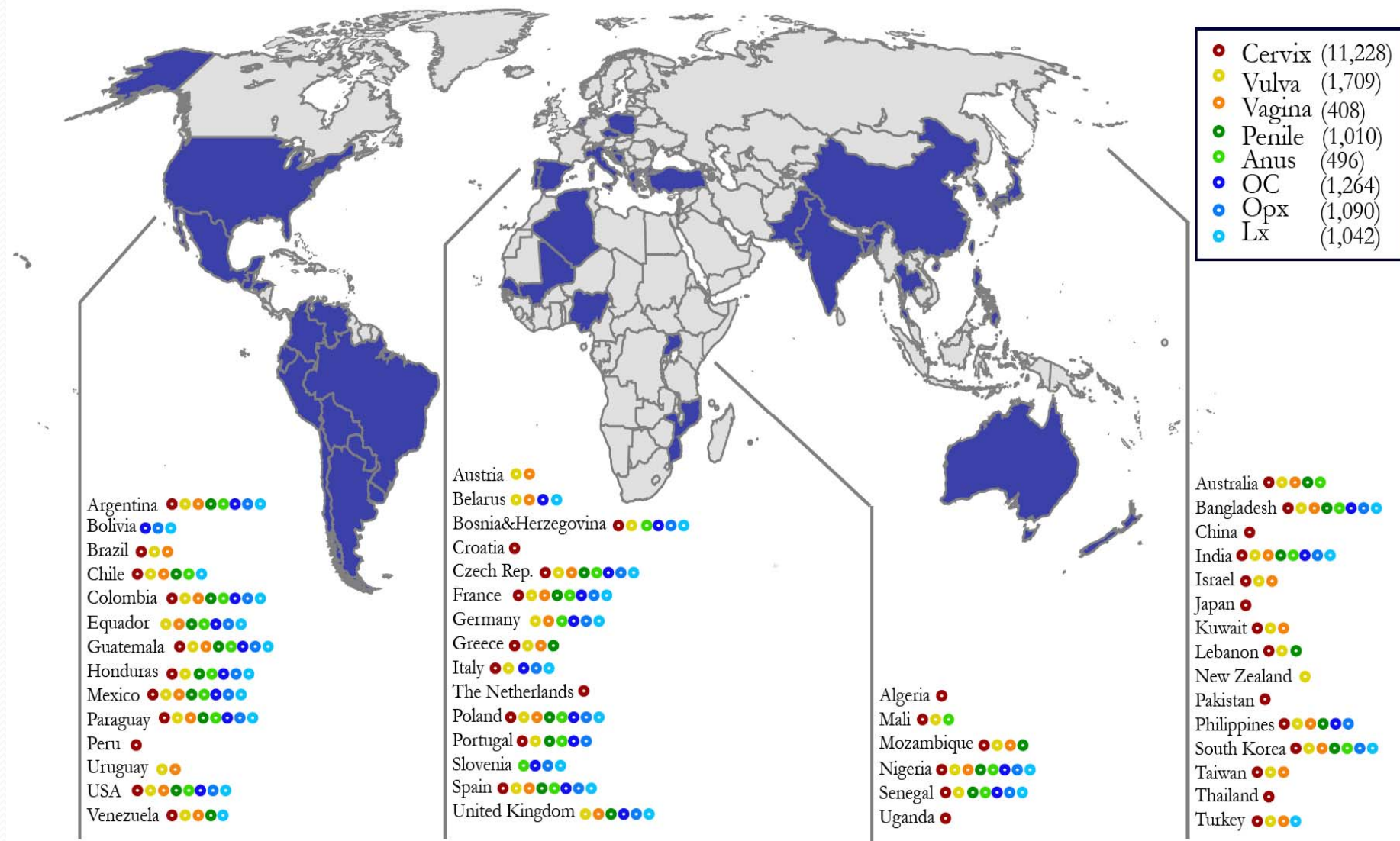
IARC Multi-centre HPV Prevalence Surveys, 1995-2016



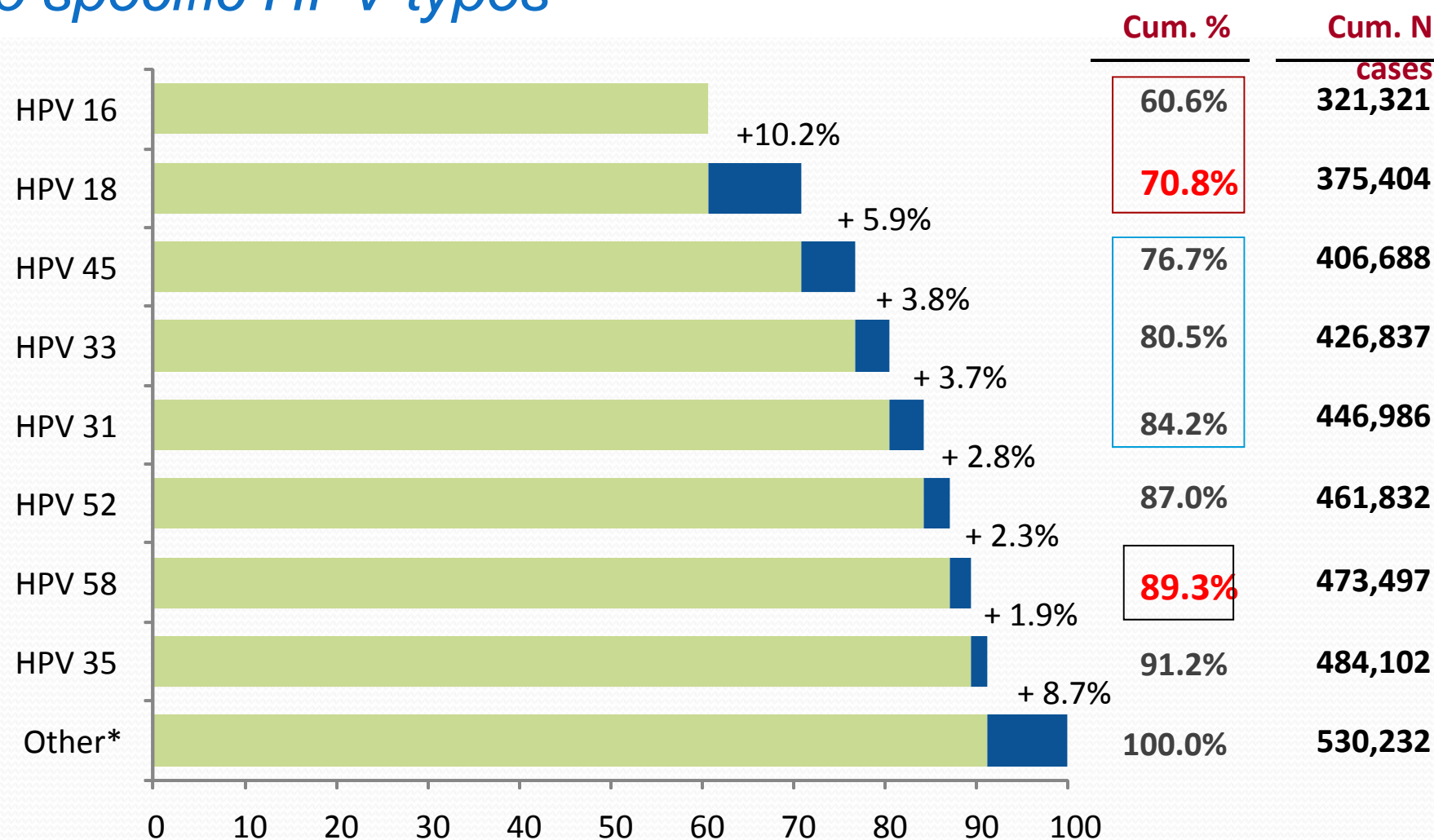
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ICO International survey of cancers caused by VPH (18.000 cases in 50 countries)



Cumulative number of cervical cancer cases attributed to specific HPV types



* Other include: 39 (1.6%), 51 (1.3%), 59 (1.1%), 56 (0.8%), 68 (0.7%), 73 (0.5%), 26 (0.3%), 30 (0.3%), 68 (0.3%), 67 (0.3%), 53 (0.3%), 6 (0.1%), 70 (0.1%), 66 (0.1%), 69 (0.1%), 34 (0.1%), 82 (0.1%), 42 (<0.1%), 39 (<0.1%), 11 (<0.1%), 74 (<0.1%), 44 (<0.1%), 91 (<0.1%), 61 (<0.1%), X (0.6%)

Data sources: De Sanjosé 2010 Lancet Oncology and IARC 2008 Globocan

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Cohort Study of HPV and cervical neoplasia at the Instituto Nacional de Cancerologia- Bogota, Colombia 1995- Study Team

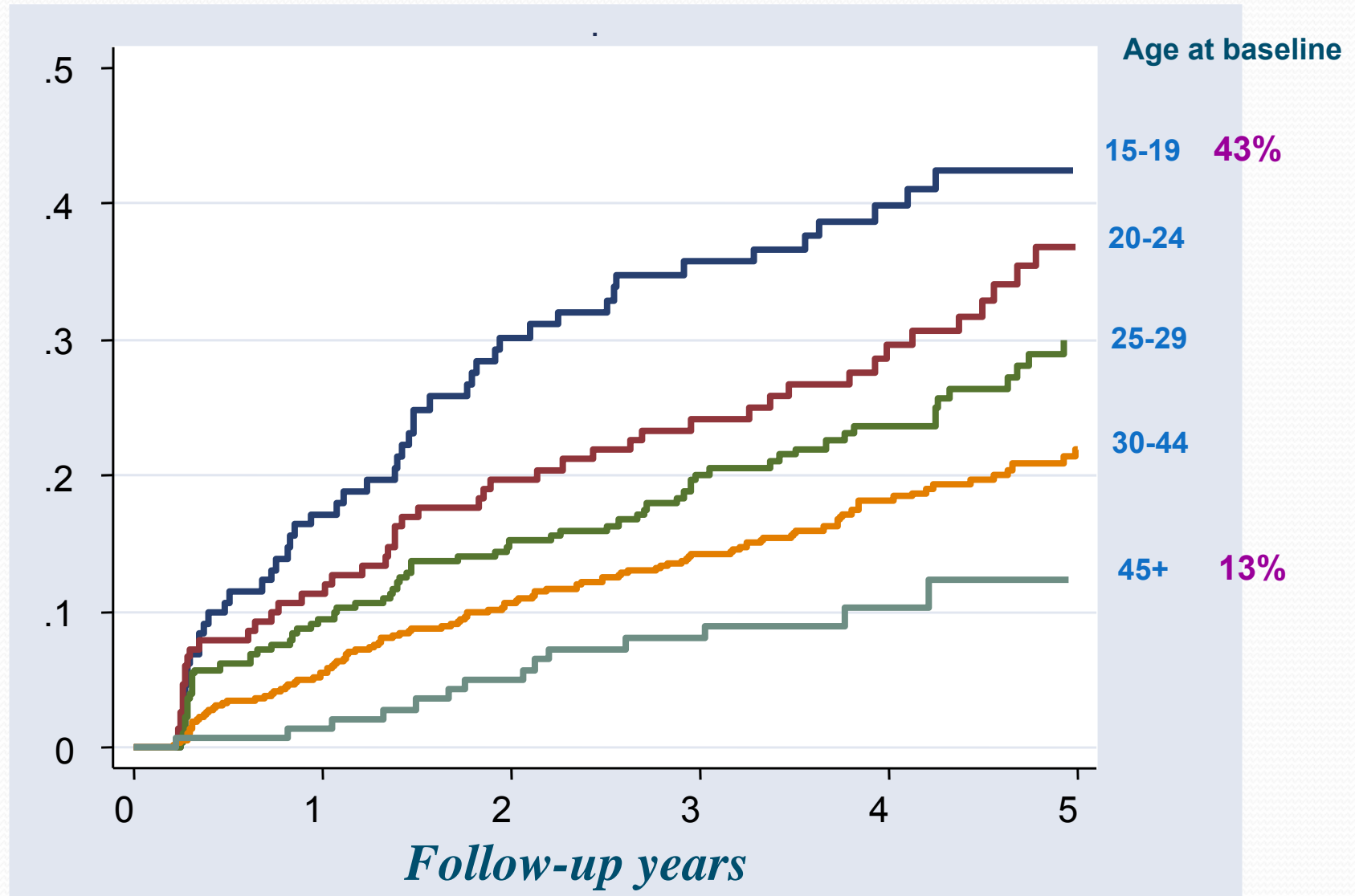


~2.000 women 15 – 80 years old, followed up every 6 months during ~10 years .

Results: *Prevalence and incidence of type-specific infection with HPV in women with normal cytology and women with cervical neoplasia: (2 PhDs and > 20 papers in International journals*

Cumulative risk of new HPV infections in a cohort of women with normal cytology from Bogota, Colombia

Muñoz N, et al. JID 2004



Conclusiones

- *In Colombia we have made very important contributions toward the knowledge of HPV as cause of cervical cancer*
- *The above was a key element in the decision to establish a National Program of HPV vaccination that was very good until 2014, when rumors and misinformation have damaged it*
- *We need the help of physicians, public health personal, general population and media to re-activate this essential program for the prevention cervical cancer*



Thank you
Muchas gracias